INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2009

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Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	Board of Education	
	(Before September 2008 Election)	
Mark Johansen Beth Eddy Steve Muhlenbruch Jacki Anderson Shawn Elphic	President Vice President	2009 2008 2011 2008 2009
	(After September 2008 Election)	
Mark Johansen Steve Muhlenbruch Beth Eddy Theron Miller Shawn Elphic	President Vice President	2009 2011 2011 2011 2009
	School Officials	
Steven Lane	Superintendent	
Beverly Stratmann	District Secretary	
Marlys Pralle	District Treasurer	

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report

Member:

- · American Institute of Certified **Public Accountants**
- · Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- · Individual & Corporate Tax Preparation, Partnerships. Estate & Trust
- · Year Round Tax Planning
- · Electronic Filing
- · Payroll & Sales Tax Prepara-
- . I.R.S. Representation
- · Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- · Data Processing Services
- · Payroll Preparation
- · Computerized Financial Statements
- · Business/Personal Financial Planning
- · Bank Loan Assistance
- · Section 105 Medical Plan Administration

Plus:

- · Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- · Extended Hours During Tax Season

CAL Community School District:

To the Board of Education of

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of CAL Community School District, Latimer, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of CAL Community School District at June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2010 on our consideration of CAL Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 4 through 12 and 30 through 31 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise CAL Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the five years ended June 30, 2008 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 2, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frik

March 12, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CAL Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2009 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$2,860,467 in fiscal 2008 to \$2,845,516 in fiscal 2009 (1% decrease), while General Fund expenditures decreased from \$2,832,663 in fiscal 2008 to \$2,810,972 in fiscal 2009 (1% decrease).
- The decrease in General Fund revenues was primarily attributable to decreases in state revenues. The decrease in expenditures was due primarily to a decrease in non-instructional areas. Expenses in instructional areas, the largest part of the budget actually increased by 3%. This indicates the District's emphasis on the classroom.
- Statewide sales and services tax replaced the local option sales tax. It is hoped to have increased revenues that can be used to maintain and upgrade the facilities.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of CAL Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report CAL Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which CAL Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the Student Activity Fund.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

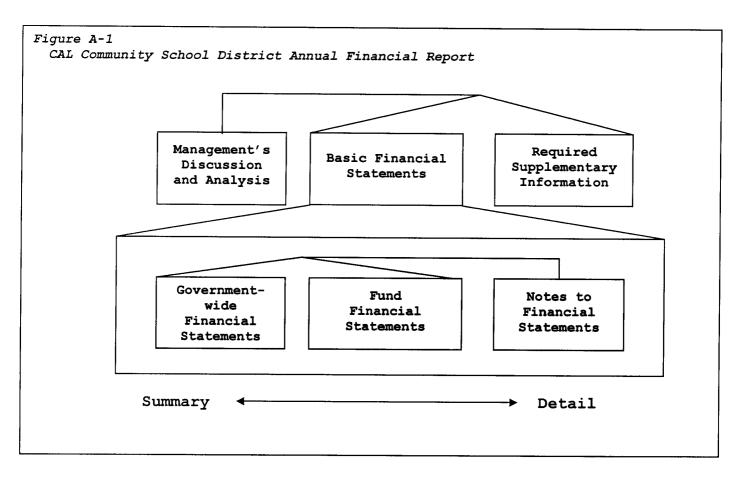


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

	Government-wide	Fund St	atements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activity the District operates similar to private businesses: food services
Required financial statements	. Statement of net assets . Statement of activities	. Balance sheet . Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	. Statement of net assets . Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets . Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds — not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has elected to treat all funds as "major" for clarity of presentation.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, Debit Service and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2009 compared to June 30, 2008.

				Figure A-3			
			Condensed S	Statement of		r s	
				ssed in Tho			
	Govern	mental	Busines	s type	Tot	al	Total
	Activ	ities	Activi	ties	Dist	rict	Change
	June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-2009
Current assets	\$ 2,983	2,707	69	52	3,052	2,759	10.62%
Capital assets	2,211	2,107			2,211	2,107	4.94%
Total assets	5,194	4,814	69	52	5,263	4,866	8.16%
Current liabilities	1,458	1,276	1	_	1,459	1,276	14.34%
Non-current liabilities		-					0.00%
Total liabilities	1,458	1,276	1		1,459	1,276	14.34%
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	2,211	2,107	-		2,211	2,107	4.94%
Restricted	505	432		=	505	432	16.90%
Unrestricted	1,020	999	68	52	1,088	1,051	3.52%
Total net assets	\$ 3,736	3,538	68	52	3,804	3,590	5.96%

Total net assets increased primarily from increase in all funds except Student Activity. Unrestricted net assets grew by over 3% due to cost containment measures implemented throughout the year.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009 compared to the year ended June 30, 2008.

	** .		Chang	Figure A-4			
			_	sed in Tho			
	Govern	mental	Busines		Tot	al	Total
	Activ	ities	Activi	ities	School D	istrict	Change
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-2009
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service							
and sales	\$ 128	230	62	62	190	292	-34.93%
Operating grants,						232	31.330
contributions and							
restricted interest	670	636	86	85	756	721	4.85%
General revenues:							
Property tax	1,267	1,198	_	_	1,267	1,198	5.76%
Income surtax	127	116	_	-	127	116	9.48%
Local option sales tax	171	120	_	_	171	120	42.50%
Unrestricted state grants	954	1,035	_	_	954	1,035	-7.83%
Unrestricted investment						,	
earnings	25	50	-	_	25	50	-50.00%
Other	11	15		_	11	15	-26.67%
Total revenues	3,353	3,400	148	147	3,501	3,547	-1.30%
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	2,175	2,143	_	_	2,175	2,143	1.49%
Support Services	697	786	_	_	697	786	-11.32%
Non-instructional programs	_	_	132	147	132	147	-10.20%
Other expenses	284	268	_	-	284	268	5.97%
Total expenses	3,156	3,197	132	147	3,288	3,344	-1.67%
Change in net assets	\$ 197	203	16		213	203	4.93%

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 63% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 87% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$3,400,494 and expenses were \$3,196,794 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities, instruction, support services and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2009 compared to the year ended June 30, 2008.

	_		Total and	Figure Net Cost of Go	overnmental A	ctivities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Total	Cost of Ser	(Expressed in vices		ost of Serv	ices
		2009	2008	Change 2008-2009	2009	2008	Change 2008-2009
Instruction Support Services Other expenses	\$	2,175 697 284	2,143 786 268	1.49% -11.32% <u>5.97</u> %	1,487 691 180	1,437 728 165	3.48% -5.08% <u>9.09</u> %
Totals	\$	3,156	3,197	-1.28%	2,358	2,330	1.20%

For the year ended June 30, 2009:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$127,678.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$472,966.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,266,538 in property tax, \$954,058 in state foundation aid and \$24,600 in interest income.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$148,520 and expenses totaled \$132,322. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted CAL Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,421,204 a seven percent increase over last year's ending fund balances of \$1,327,856. The majority of the increase resulted from the increase in the Capital Projects Fund balance.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The General Fund increased due to cost containment measures.
- The District collects statewide sales and services taxes which will be used for purchase and improvement of facilities.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The School Nutrition Fund balance increased. Careful monitoring of expenses is necessary to achieve this.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 30 and 31.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$6,830 more than budgeted receipts, a variance of 1%. Federal stimulus monies were used to cover state aid cuts.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. The District manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. Increased infrastructure spending caused the District to exceed the published budget in one function.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2009, the District had invested \$2.2 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net increase of 5% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$97,644.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$4,650,734. Governmental funds account for \$4,624,031, with the remainder of \$26,703 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

		ī.,,,		Capital Asse	Figure A-G ets, net of ssed in Tho	Depreciati	ion	
		Governm Activi		Busines Activi		Tot Dist		Total Change
		June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
		2007	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-2009
Land	\$	10	10	_	_	10	10	0.00%
Site improvements		29	32	-	_	29	32	-9.38%
Buildings		2,011	1,949	-	-	2,011	1,949	3.18%
Furniture and equipment	<u> </u>	161	117	<u> </u>		161	117	<u>37.61</u> %
Totals	\$	2,211	2,108	_	_	2,211	2,108	<u>4.89</u> %

Long-Term Debt

The District had no long-term debt at June 30, 2010.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Adequate allowable growth is necessary to maintain current educational programs.
- The percentage of Dows students in grades 9-12 open enrolled or requested affected student status to CAL continues to decrease, having a direct effect on funding.
- Although the District has experienced declining enrollment in recent years, the District expects to maintain a stable enrollment for a few years. If the Legislature provides adequate allowable growth the District can maintain its financial position.
- State aid was cut in December 2008 and October 2009. These cuts make it difficult for the District to expand educational opportunities.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Beverly Stratman, District Secretary, CAL Community School District, 1441 Gull, Latimer, IA 50452.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities School Nutrition	Total
Assets		55.044	1 564 701
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,497,777	66,944	1,564,721
Receivables:			
Property tax:	15 050		15,259
Current year	15,259		1,304,691
Succeeding year	1,304,691 103,123		103,123
Income surtax - succeeding year	61,939		61,939
Due from other governments	01,953	1,693	1,693
Inventories Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,211,006		2,211,006
			5,262,432
Total assets	5,193,795	00,037	3,202,332
Liabilities			
	11,830	_	11,830
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	141,941		142,372
Deferred revenue:	141,041	101	
Succeeding year property tax	1,304,691	_	1,304,691
Succeeding year property tax			
Total liabilities	1,458,462	431	1,458,893
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,211,006	-	2,211,006
Restricted for:	2,211,000	,	_,
Management levy	189,580) -	189,580
Physical plant and equipment levy	112,134		112,134
Capital projects	200,462		200,462
Categorical funding	2,385		2,385
Unrestricted	1,019,766		1,087,972
Total net assets	\$ 3,735,333	68,206	3,803,539

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Progr	Program Revenues	Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	sets
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental	Business Type Activities	Total
<pre>Functions/Programs: Governmental activities: Instruction:</pre>	\$ 2,175,182	127,414	560,894	(1, 486, 874)	1	(1,486,874)
Support services:	669	I	ı	(692)	l	(692)
Thatmictional staff services	93,136	ı	1	(93,136)	1	(93, 136)
Administration services	260,840	ı	I	(260,840)	1	(260,840)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	171,809	1	5,785	(166,024)	ı	(166,024)
Transportation services	171,109	264	ı	(170,845)		(170,845)
•	697,586	264	5,785	(691,537)		(691,537)
Other expenditures:	103,615	i	103,615	•	I	l
Facilities acquisition and construction	96,942	ı		(96,942)	ı	(96,942)
Depreciation (unallocated) *	83,006	1	ı	(83,006)	Ţ	(83,006)
•	283, 563	ı	103,615	(179,948)	1	(179,948)
Total governmental activities	3,156,331	127,678	670,294	(2,358,359)	1	(2, 358, 359)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Progré	Program Revenues	Net and Ch	(Expense) Rev anges in Net	enue Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental	Business Type Activities	Total
Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition services	132,322	62,241	86,279	1	16,198	16,198
Total	\$ 3,288,653	189,919	756,573	(2,358,359)	16,198	(2,342,161)
General Revenues:						
Property tax levied for:				380 1 8	ı	1 066 389
General pulposes Management					ı	89,970
Capital outlay				110,179	ı	110,179
Income surtax:						
General purposes				84,807	i	84,807
Capital outlay				42,397	1	42,397
Statewide sales and services tax				171,324	ı	171,324
Unrestricted state grants				954,058	•	954,058
Unrestricted investment earnings				24,600	I	24,600
Other				11,487	1	11,487
Total general revenues				2,555,211	1	2,555,211
Change in net assets				196,852	16,198	213,050
Net assets beginning of year				3,538,481	52,008	3,590,489
Net assets end of year				\$ 3,735,333	68,206	3,803,539

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2009

Assets

Total	777,197,17	15,259 1,304,691 103,123 61,939 2,982,789	
Capital Projects	186,884	13,578	
Plant and Equipment Levy	108,654	1,325 114,419 34,374 2,155 260,927	
Management	188,496	115,000	
Student	103,321	- - - - \$ 103,321	
General	\$ 910,422	12,850 1,075,272 68,749 46,206 \$ 2,113,499	

Liabilities and Fund Balance

Income surtax - succeeding year

Property tax: Current year Succeeding year

Receivables:

Cash

Due from other governments

Total assets

11,830 141,941

1 1

1,304,691 103,123

114,419 34,374 148,793

115,000

11,830

S

1,075,272 68,749 1,297,792

115,000

1,561,585

Fund balances:
Reserved for capital projects
Reserved for categorical funding
Unreserved

Total liabilities and fund balances

Total fund balance

200,462	2,385	1,218,357	1,421,204	2,982,789
200,462	ı	1	200,462	200,462
l	ı	112,134	112,134	260,927
1	1	189,580	189,580	\$ 304,580
1	1	103,321	103,321	\$ 103,321
1	2,385	813,322	815,707	\$ 2,113,499

See notes to financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2009

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 1,421,204
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2009 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.	103,123
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	2,211,006
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 3,735,333

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2009

	General	Student Activity	Management	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$ 1,151,196	ı	89,970	152,576	171,324	1,565,066
Tuition	119,910	1	i			119,910
Other	43,855	88,012	4,645	1,056	ı	137,568
State sources	1,376,818	ı	38	46	1	1,376,902
Federal sources	153,737	1	1	ı	i	153,737
Total revenues	2,845,516	88,012	94,653	153,678	171,324	3,353,183
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	2,046,572	99,360	1	29,250	1	2,175,182
Support services:						
Student services	692	ı	ı	l	1	692
Instructional staff services	93,136	ŧ	ı	1	ı	93,136
Administration services	260,840	ı	1	ı	I	260,840
Operation and maintenance of plant services	190,196	ı	53,757	ı	1	243,953
Transportation services	115,921	1	40,550	ı	I	156,471
	660,785	1	94,307	l	1	755,092

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2009

	General	Student Activity	Management	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Capital Projects	Total
Other expenditures: AEA flowthrough	103,615	ı	1	I	ı	103 615
Facilities acquisition and construction	.	1	1	118,837	107,109	225,946
	103,615	1	1	118,837	107,109	329,561
Total expenditures	2,810,972	99,360	94,307	148,087	107,109	3,259,835
Net change in fund balances	34,544	(11,348)	346	5,591	64,215	93,348
Fund balances beginning of year	781,163	114,669	189,234	106,543	136,247	1,327,856
Fund balances end of year	\$ 815,707	103,321	189,580	112,134	200,462	1,421,204

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ 93,348

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Net Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

\$ 201,148

(97,644)

103,504

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

\$ 196,852

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets $\hbox{Proprietary Fund}$

Year ended June 30, 2009

	School Nutrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	\$ 62,241
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	35,590
Benefits	10,753
Supplies	85,979
Total operating expenses	132,322
Operating (loss)	(70,081)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,887
Federal sources	84,392
	86,279
Changes in net assets	16,198
Net assets beginning of year	52,008
Net assets end of year	\$ 68,206

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2009

	School utrition
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 62,241
Cash payments to employees for services	(46,343)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	 (78,436)
Net cash (used by) operating activities	 (62,538)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,887
Federal grants received	 77,032
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 78,919
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	16,381
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	 50,563
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 66,944
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash used	
by operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (70,081)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash	
(used by) operating activities:	
Commodities used	7,360
Decrease in inventory	 183
	\$ (62,538)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District received federal commodities valued at \$7,360.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2009

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

CAL Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Coulter, Alexander and Latimer, Iowa, and agricultural area in Franklin and Wright Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, CAL Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. CAL Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Franklin County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has elected to present all funds as major funds for clarity of presentation.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for extra curricular activities conducted on behalf of the students.

The Management Levy Fund is utilized for the payment of insurance, unemployment and early retirement benefits.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used to purchase equipment (over \$500 per item) and for major repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds. It is funded primarily through a combination of property tax and income surtax.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year become effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2007 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2008.

 $\underline{\text{Due From Other Governments}}$ - $\underline{\text{Due from other governments}}$ represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2009.

 $\overline{\text{Fund Equity}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures in the other expenditures function area exceeded the amount budgeted. The District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits at June 30, 2009 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2009, the District had investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust as follows:

Amortized Cost

Diversified Portfolio

\$<u>982</u>

The investments are valued at an amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> - The District's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments wit maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the District.

 $\frac{\texttt{Credit risk}}{\texttt{by Moody's}}$ - The investments in the Iowa School Joint Investment Trust were rated Aaa

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended	d June 30, 20	09 was as	follows:	
	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,100			10,100
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site Improvements	239,384	_	_	239,384
Buildings	2,969,530	129,004	_	3,098,534
Furniture and Equipment	1,203,869	72,144	_	1,276,013
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,412,783	201,148		4,613,931
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	207,914	2,441	-	210,355
Buildings	1,020,720	66,409	_	1,087,129
Furniture and Equipment	1,086,747	28,794		1,115,541
Total accumulated depreciation	2,315,381	97,644		2,413,025
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,097,402	103,504	_	2,200,906
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 2,107,502	103,504	-	2,211,006
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 26,703	_	_	26,703
Less accumulated depreciation	26,703	_	_	26,703
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ -			-

Depreciation expense was charged to the follow Governmental activities:	ing functions	:		
Support services:				
Transportation				\$ 14,638
Unallocated				83,006
				\$ 97,644
				7 31,044

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.10% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 6.35% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$105,979, \$102,845, and \$95,232 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Risk Management

CAL Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(6) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$103,615 for year ended June 30, 2009 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(7) Commitment

The District committed \$73,410 towards paving of the parking lot. This project was completed after the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2009

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 1,822,544	62,241	1,884,785	1,909,342	1,909,342	(24,557)
State sources	1,376,902	1,887	1,378,789	1,423,912	1,423,912	(45, 123)
Federal sources	153,737	84,392	238,129	161,619	161,619	76,510
Total revenues	3,353,183	148,520	3,501,703	3,494,873	3,494,873	6,830
Expenditures/Expenses:						
Instruction	2,175,182	I	2,175,182	2,460,917	2,460,917	285,735
Support services	755,092	ı	755,092	1,135,377	1,135,377	380,285
Non-instructional programs	ı	132,322	132,322	165,000	165,000	32,678
Other expenditures	329,561		329,561	105,175	105,175	(224,386)
Total expenditures/expenses	3,259,835	132,322	3,392,157	3,866,469	3,866,469	474,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		•				
over (under) expenditures/expenses	93, 348	16,198	109,546	(371,596)	(371,596)	481,142
Other financing sources (uses)	1	ŧ	1	1	1	1
<pre>Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures/expenses and other financing</pre>						
sources (uses)	93,348	16,198	109,546	(371,596)	(371,596)	481,142
Balance beginning of year	1,327,856	52,008	1,379,864	1,205,463	1,205,463	174,401
Balance end of year	\$ 1,421,204	68,206	1,489,410	833,867	833,867	655, 543

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Note to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2009

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2009

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
Drama	1,050	323	2,576	(1,203)
Vocal Music	276	893	861	308
Instrumental Music	-	893	1,056	(163)
Cross Country	287	_	401	(114)
Golf	(318)	27	1,156	(1,447)
Boys Basketball	1,730	3,713	1,730	3,713
Football	(342)	4,314	2,337	1,635
Baseball	(2,365)	611	1,370	(3,124)
Boys Track	270	-	808	(538)
Wrestling	561	357	496	422
Girls Basketball	2,224	4,571	3,826	2,969
Volleyball	(1,614)	1,298	1,609	(1,925)
Softball	(2,164)	2,261	3 , 365	(3,268)
Girls Track	(755)	147	2,094	(2,702)
Early Childhood/Preschool	1,399	-	-	1,399
Annual	111	3,249	4,764	(1,404)
Activity Passes	2,678	3,930	2,426	4,182
Art Club	1	-	-	1
FFA	14,500	2,238	10,328	6,410
Cheerleaders	1,837	643	1,135	1,345
National Honor Society	22	-		22
Pennies	3,658	9,200	12,858	-
Washington DC Trip	6	6,056	2,887	3,175
Spanish Club	207	11,267	11,183	291
Student Council	820	8,341	7,059	2,102
Class of 2008	(56)	-	-	(56)
Class of 2009	671	648	975	344
Class of 2010	2,782	1,670	3,120	1,332
Class of 2011	3,072	46	-	3,118
Class of 2012	1,628	262	169	1,721
Class of 2013	125	1,347	864	608
Class of 2014	_	3,814	2,354	1,460
High School Activity	(449)	1,851	1,473	(71)
Elementary Activity	1,550	979	2,056	473
Jr High Boys Basketball	232	_	-	232
Jr High Boys Track	210	-	_	210
Jr High Football	200	_	-	200
Jr High Volleyball	389	40	485	(56)
Jr High Girls Basketball	(54)	_	90	(144)
Jr High Girls Track	150	-	-	150

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2009

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
Instrument Rental	4,436	650	925	4,161
Greenhouse	2,652	1,114	3,997	(231)
Concessions	747	5,731	3,015	3,463
Nurses Fund	753	-	-	753
Interest	71,614	2,910	1,152	73,372
Jump Rope for Heart	111	•••	-	111
Music Resale	(580)	263	723	(1,040)
Art Resale	45	-	-	45
Materials for Resale	384	115	325	174
RIF	(22)	2,240	1,312	906
Total	114,669	88,012	99,360	103,321

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Six Years

			٥	Accrual Basis		
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$ 1,565,066	1,424,486	1,466,995	1,407,383	1,465,673	1,297,920
Tuition	119,910	219,712	224,027	228,663	112,982	70,577
Other	137,568	259,318	239,255	262,003	258,763	214,290
State sources	1,376,902	1,391,844	1,145,976	985,164	1,029,496	1,013,090
Federal sources	153,737	96,379	298,219	96,766	163,	164,823
Total	\$ 3,353,183	3,391,739	3,374,472	2,979,979	3,030,109	2,760,700
Expenditures:						
Instruction	\$ 2,175,182	2,142,828	2,079,515	1,972,150	1,794,257	1,756,581
Support services:						
Student	692	2,214	1,637	10,827	30,383	37,406
Instructional staff	93,136	112,243	109,281	80,510	132,444	131,181
Administration	260,840	249,906	256,407	251,455	234,129	235,909
Operation and maintenance of plant	243,953	262,851	285,521	276,391	342,120	222,317
Transportation	156,471	181,306	130,680	131,514	121,570	198,388
Central support	1	ı	i	ı	1	1,112
Noninstructional programs:						
Food service operations	l	ı	I	I	15,949	16,132
Other expenditures:						•
Facilities acquisition	225,946	89,103	407,193	336,595	13,641	48,284
Debt Service:					•	
Principal	1	84,835	70,165	I	ı	J
Interest	I	3,427	7,335	1	ı	ı
AEA flowthrough	103,615	101,928	82,702	82,702	83,366	85,778
Total	\$ 3,259,835	3,230,641	3,430,436	3,142,144	2,767,859	2,733,088

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of CAL Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of CAL Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered CAL Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of CAL Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of CAL Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies including deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects CAL Community School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of CAL Community School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by CAL Community School District's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

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202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkepa.com A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by CAL Community School District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe items I-A-09 and I-B-09, are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CAL Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2009 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

CAL Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit CAL Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of CAL Community School District and other parties to whom CAL Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of CAL Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frik

March 12, 2010

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

I-A-09 Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

I-B-09 Auditor Drafting of the Financial Statements and Related Footnote Disclosures

Comment - As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. SAS 112, an auditing standard from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to communicate this situation as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of the presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do this with organizations of your size. However, based on this auditing standard, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by the District's management. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy, we have answered any questions they might have, and encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in your financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$ - We feel our review of the draft financials is adequate for us to accept this risk.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-09 <u>Certified Budget</u> - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2009 exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{Chapter 24.9}}$ of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Response</u> - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-09 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-09 Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-09 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees.
- II-E-09 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-09 Board Minutes We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board.
- II-G-09 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.
- II-H-09 Certified Annual Report The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.
- II-I-09 <u>Certified Enrollment</u> We noted no variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education.
- II-J-09 <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

II-K-09 Statewide Sales and Services Tax - No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales and services tax. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District's financial activity and other required information for the statewide sales and services tax are as follows:

Beginning balance \$
Statewide sales and services tax revenue 171,324

Expenditures/transfers out:
 School infrastructure:
 Other improvements 107,109

Ending balance \$ 64,215

II-L-09 Deficit Balance - The Student Activity Fund had several accounts with deficit balances at June 30, 2009.

Recommendation - The District should continue to investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return these accounts to a positive financial condition.

Response - The District will consider alternatives to eliminate the deficits in the Student Activity Fund accounts at the end of the fiscal year.

Conclusion - Response accepted.